Hieracium serratifrons, var. Cinderella, in Ireland
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where it was in abundance, being five miles south of the Sallagh Braes. I have now to record the plant from two additional Antrim stations. A short distance from Ballyboley station, in the townland of Ballybracken, and adjoining the Ballymena and Larne railway on the south side, is a piece of rough, bushy, and heathy pasture. Here, on July 6, I espied a fine plant of *Vicia Orobus* in full bloom. I met with a half-dozen more plants as I tramped across the area. Some of the plants noted formed, as it were, a flat rosette on the rocky, stunted pasture. This station, at Ballyboley, is 1½ miles south-west of Mr. Lilly's one at Lower Ballygowan, and is still further away from Sallagh Braes. My second station is on Irish Hill, just four miles south of Ballyboley, and about five miles north-west of Carrickfergus. I found it on the south side of this hill, on July 22, growing sparingly—only three plants noticed—among Calluna, on the heathy slope, and attaining a height of about 20 inches.

W. J. C. TOMLINSON.

Belfast.

Hieracium serratifrons, var. Cinderella, in Ireland.

A hawkweed which grows on rocky wooded ground at Rowallane, near Saintfield, Co. Down, was recorded as *Hieracium sciaphilum*, Uechtr. by D. Redmond in the "Supplement to the Flora of N.E. Ireland." I have sent it several times to the Exchange Clubs, and it has proved a difficult plant to name. Rev. A. Ley has now identified it, in the report of the Botanical Exchange Club for 1907, p. 103, with a variety lately described by him, *H. serratifrons*, Almq., var. *Cinderella*, Ley. Revs. W. R. Linton and E. S. Marshall agree, and the latter says, "it is unlike *H. sciaphilum* both in foliage and inflorescence, and identical with Mr. Ley's new variety, except that the head-glands are a little denser."

The species is remarkable for the long teeth at the truncate bases of the leaves. The following description of the variety is given in the *Journal of Botany* for March, 1907, p. 109 :—

"Aspect and height of var. *lepistoides*, K. Johanns., which it closely resembles in its root-leaves. The following characters separate it from that plant :—Stem-leaf well developed, ovate-lanceolate, often deeply toothed at the truncate base. Peduncles long ; phyllaries long, narrowly subulate, senescent, very glandular ; floccose on the surface, and very floccose-edged. Heads narrow, light grey to brown, never black ; small normally cuneate-based. Ligule rather densely ciliate-tipped. Style livescent. Banks and woods ; June."

It has been found in the west of England and in Wales.

C. H. WADDELL.

Saintfield.

Orchis pyramidalis in Co. Down.

In the *Journal of Botany* for October, Mr. A. A. Dallman records the finding of a colony of this orchid at Mountstewart, near Newtownards.

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